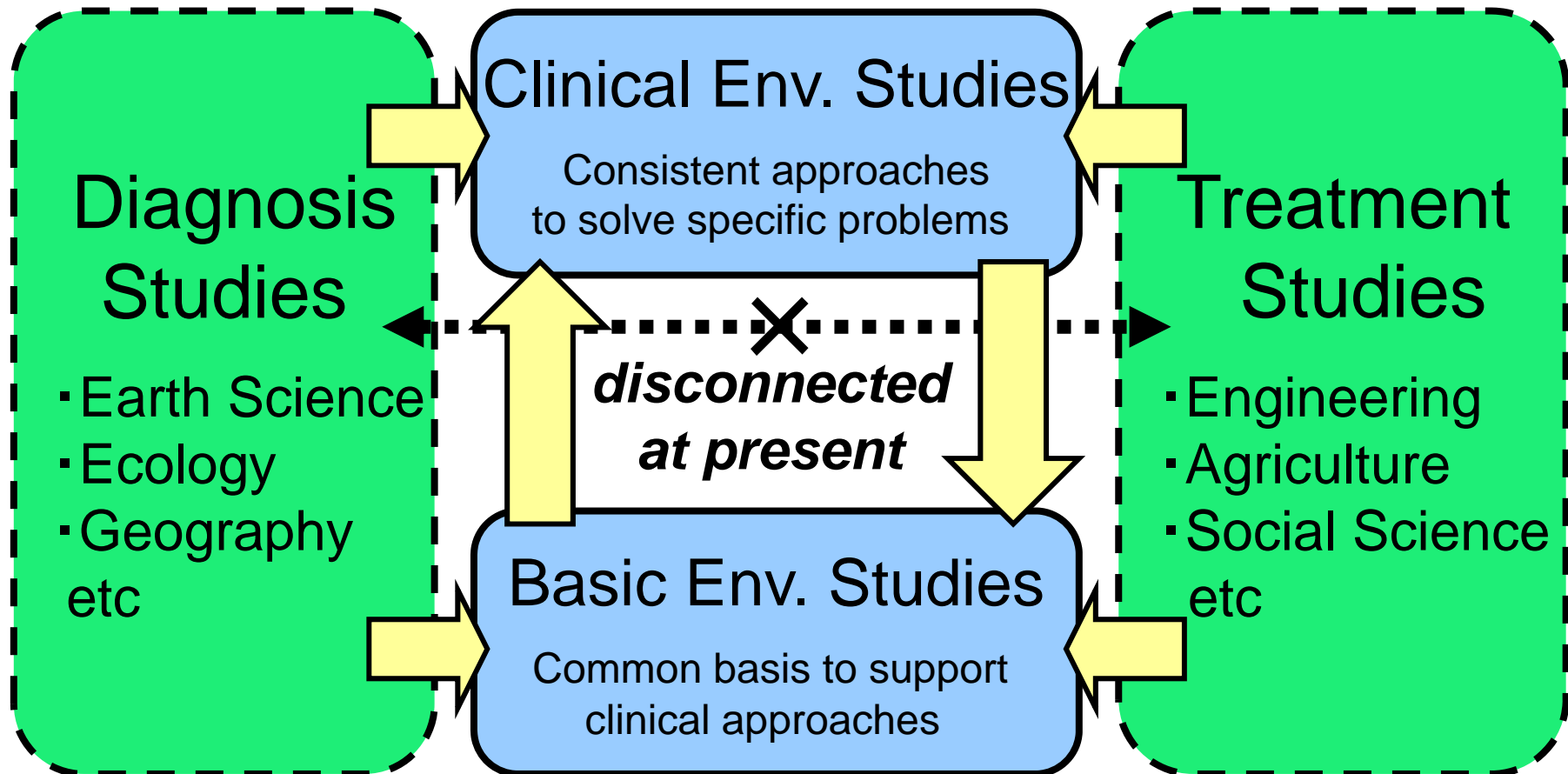


**Clinical and basic environmental
studies in Nagoya University
– a medical approach to solve
environmental problems**

Takeshi NAKATSUKA

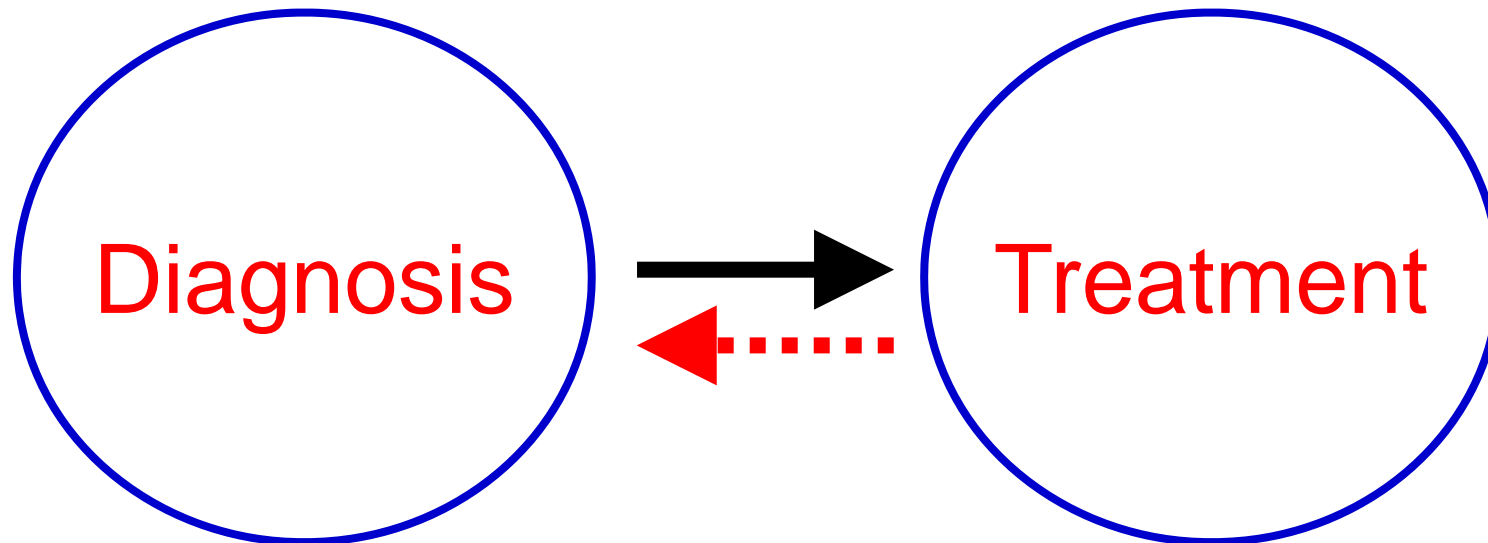
(Graduate School of Environmental
Studies, Nagoya University)

Framework of GCOE-BCES in Nagoya Univ. (Basic and Clinical Environmental Studies)



Why is “Clinical Environmental Study” necessary ?

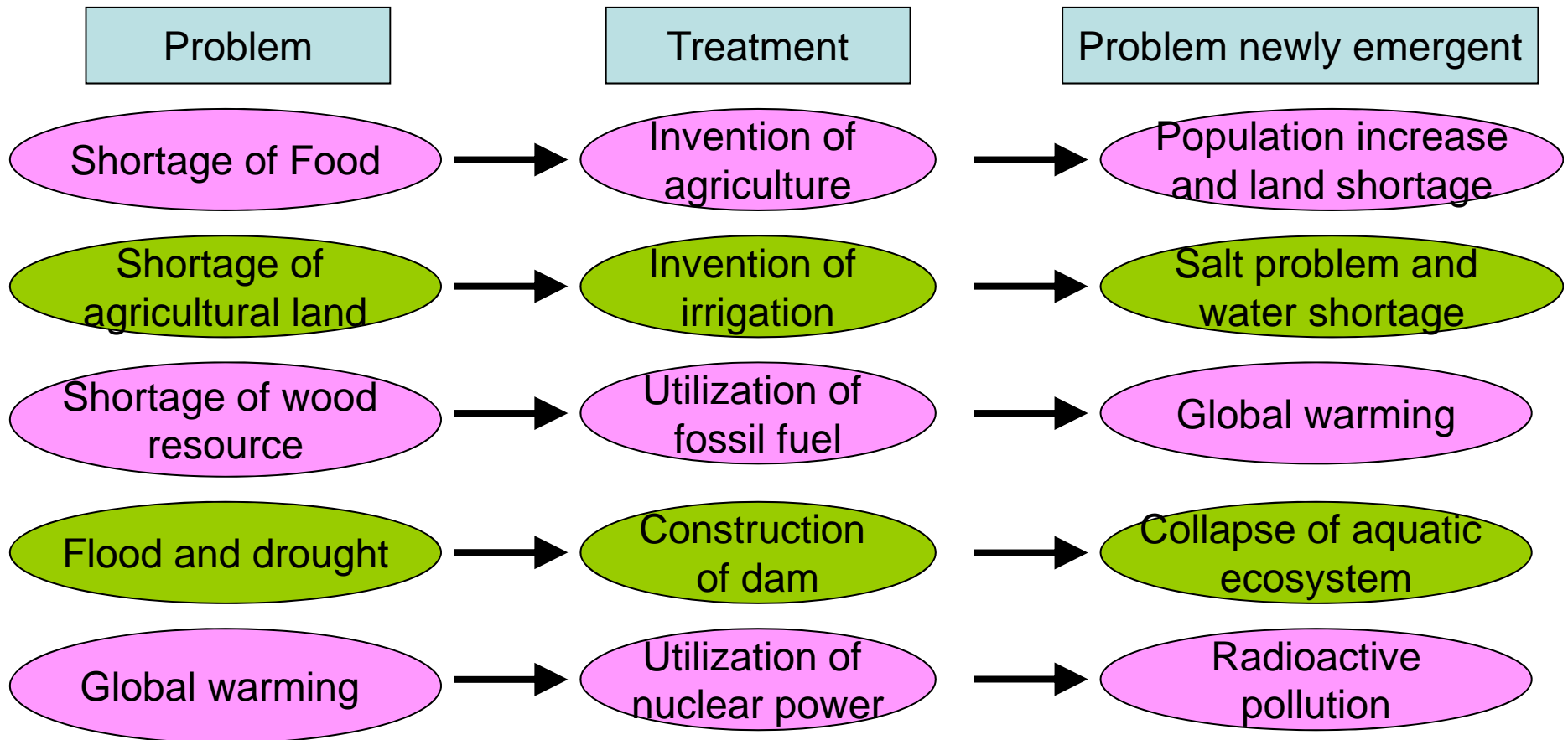
Previous environmental studies



There are tight relations between diagnosis and treatment. However, they were **only one-way relations**, and both of diagnosis and treatment were **studied separately**. I think that we must carry out, not only “**Treatment based on Diagnosis**”, but also “**Diagnosis originating from Treatment**”.

What does it mean to “treat” environmental problems?

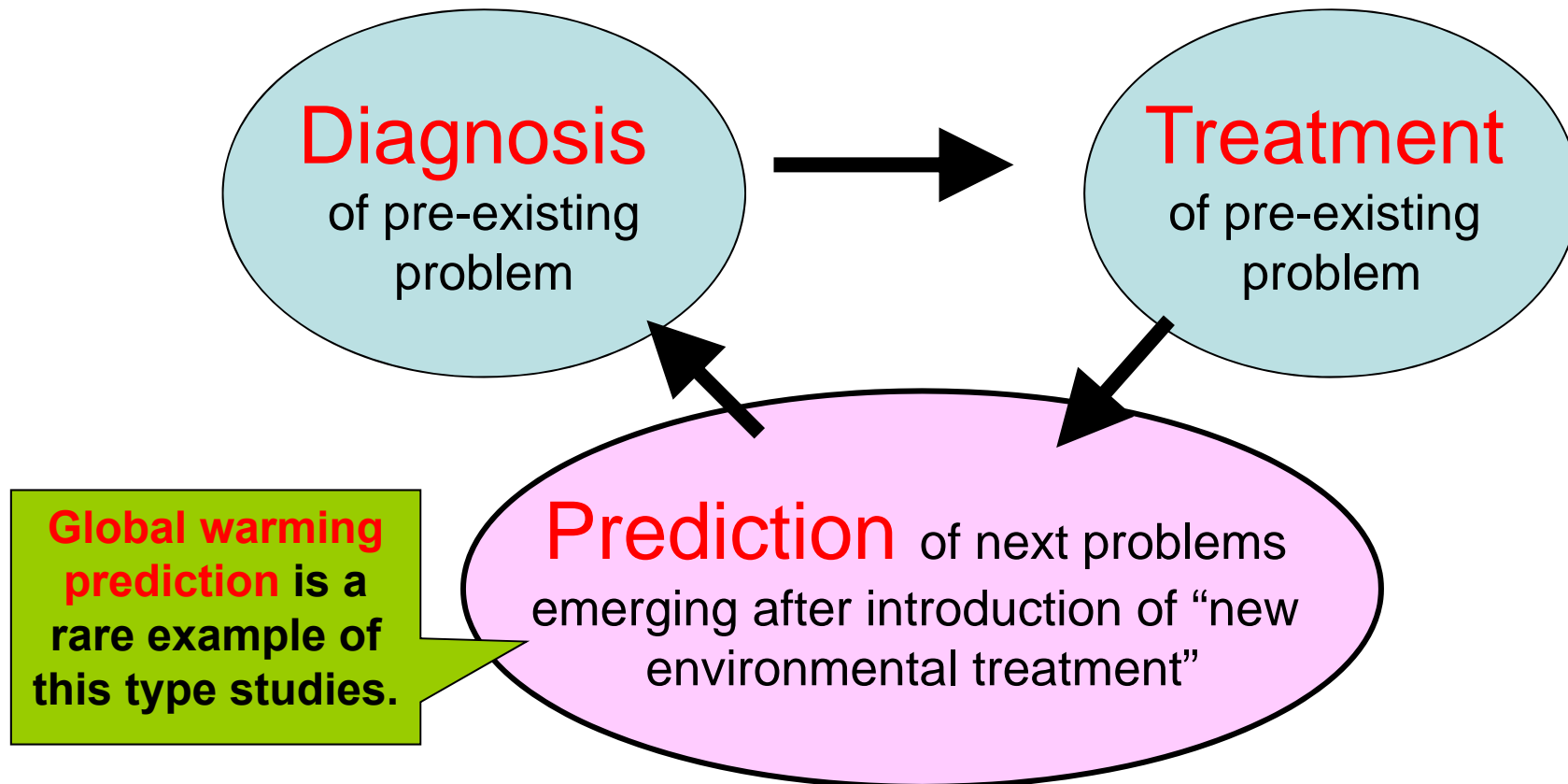
-Views in human history-



In the human history, “new environmental problems” always emerged after introduction of “new environmental treatment” !

How can we escape from the negative chains of environmental problems?

— Importance of “Prediction Type” of Environmental Research —



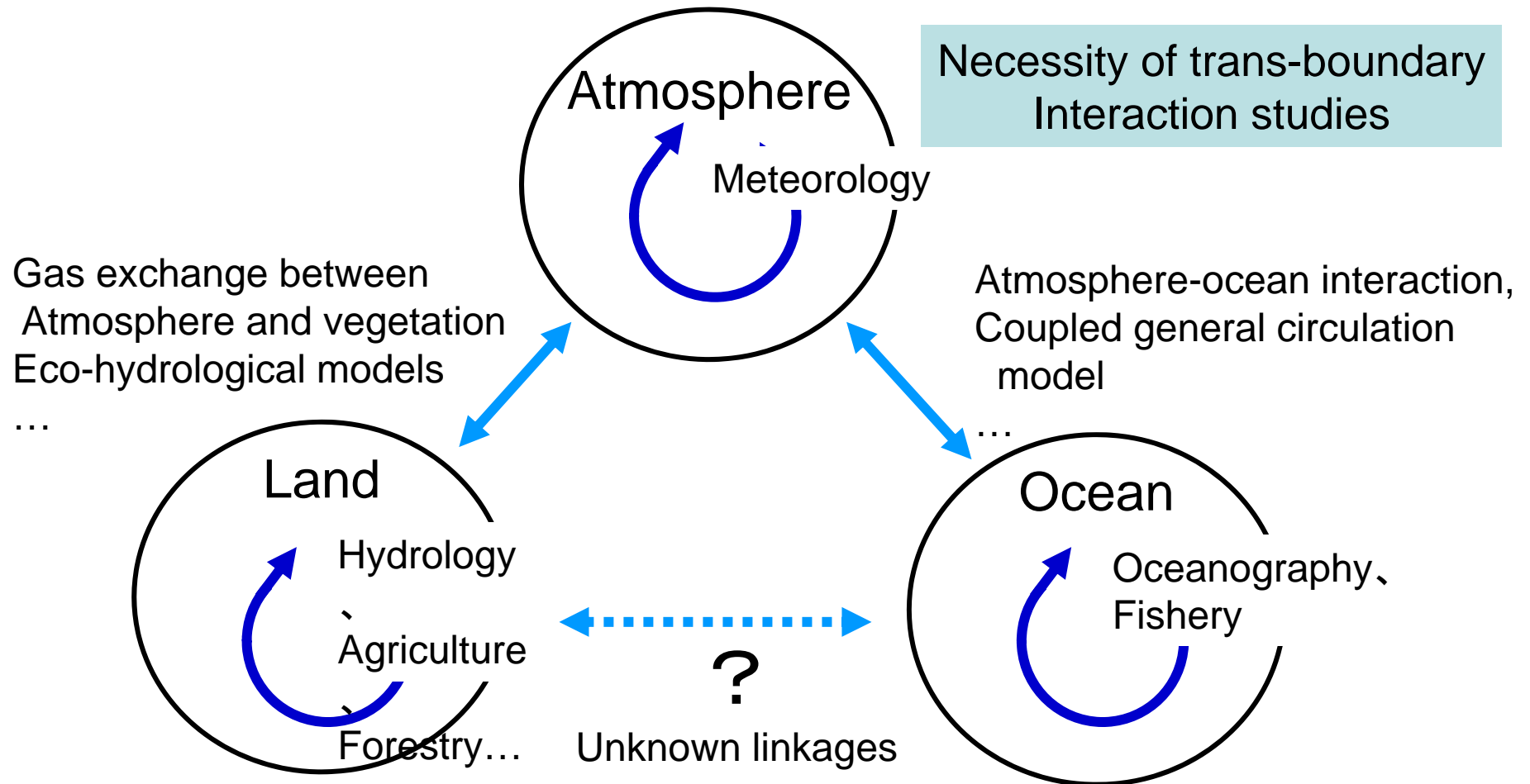
How can we predict the next environmental problems emerging in the future?

1. Develop our understandings of nature, technology and society.

*It is effective to seek “Security Holes” in our understandings about Nature, Technology and Society.

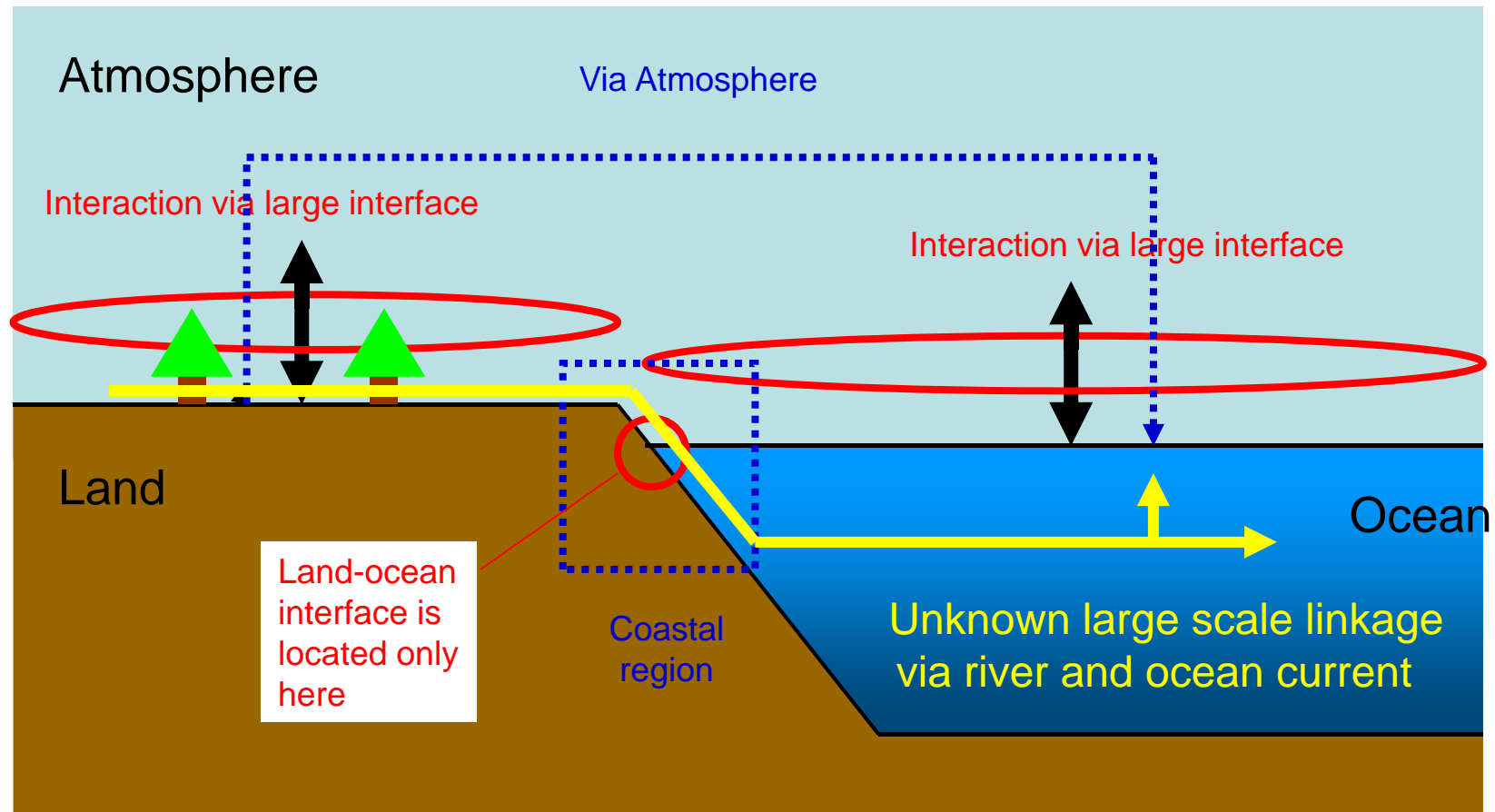
How to find “Security Holes” in Our Understandings for Nature, Technology and Society

— An example : “Trans-boundary Problems” —

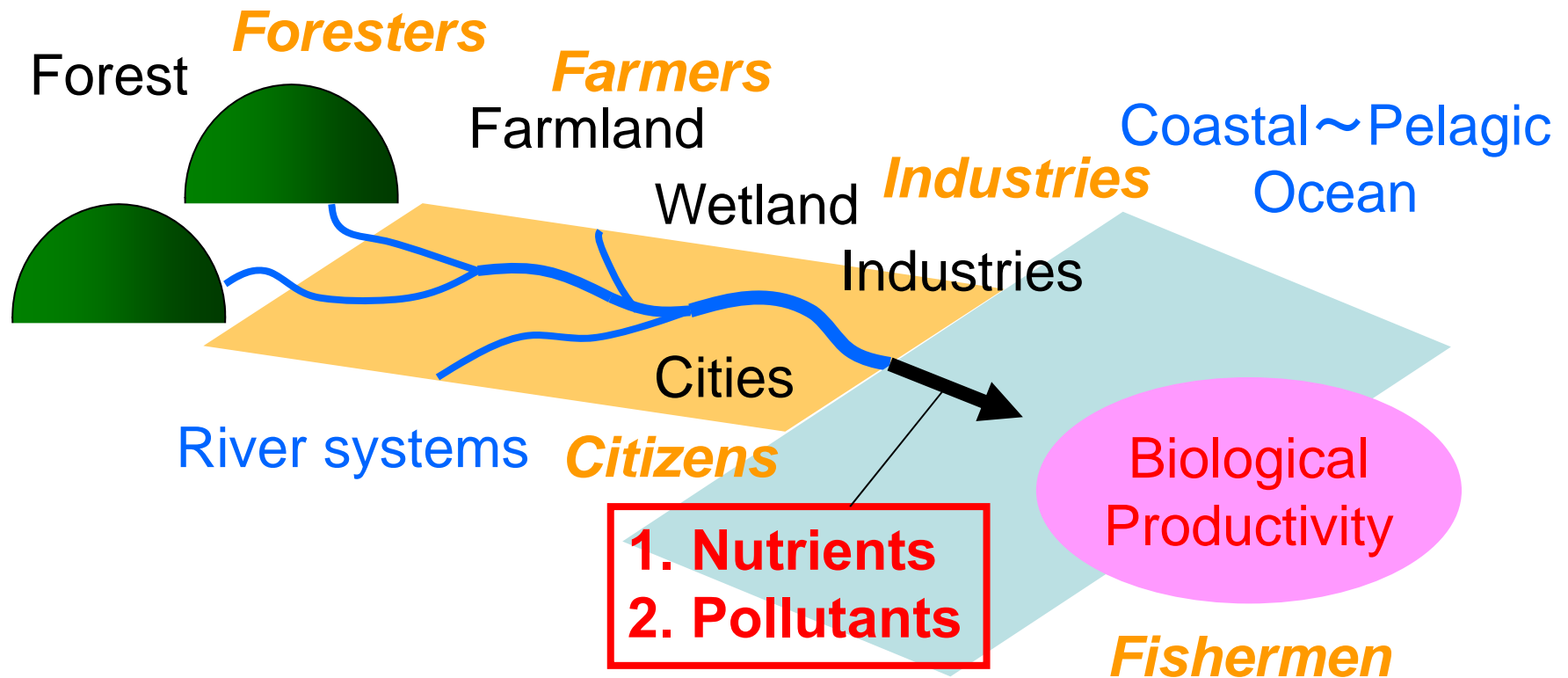


For a long time, Atmosphere, land and ocean have been studied separately.

Reason why land-ocean linkages have not been fully investigated



Material Transport from River to Ocean



1. Any **treatments in an area** may result in unexpected **damages in another area**.
2. It is difficult to manage the land-ocean trans-boundary system, because **many different stake-holders** take parts in this system **asymmetrically**.

How can we predict the next environmental problems emerging in the future?

1. Develop our understandings of nature, technology and society.

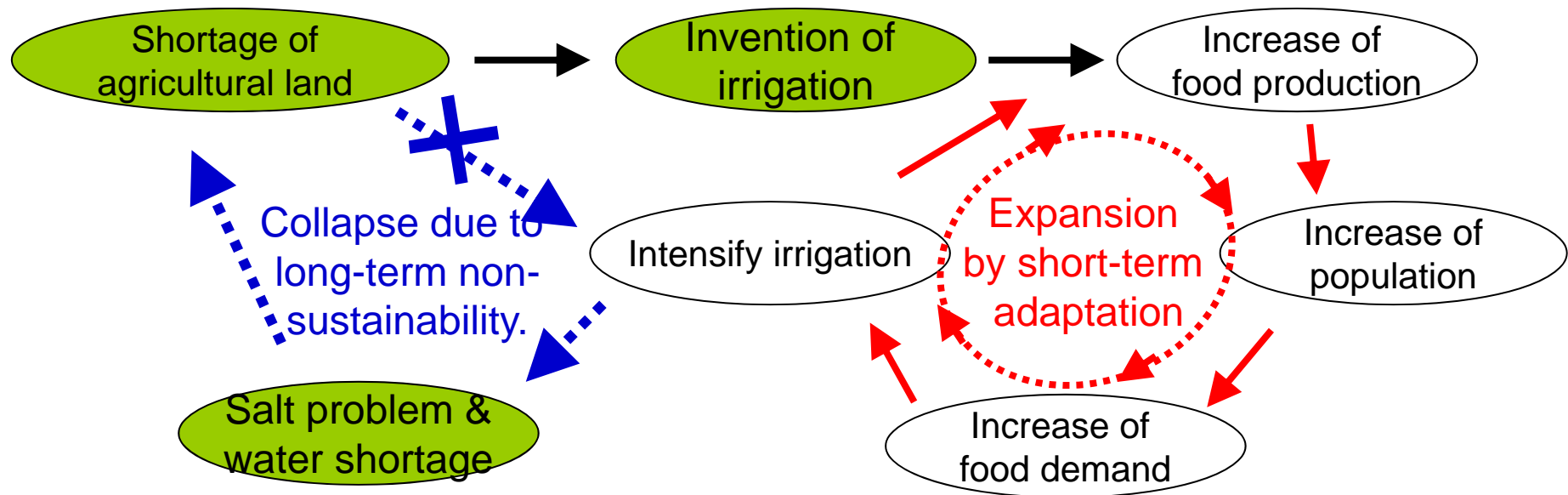
*It is effective to seek “Security Holes” in our understandings about Nature, Technology and Society.

2. Detect the typical pattern of problem emergence .

* Historical analyses of environmental problems must be helpful.

What is the typical pattern toward the emergence of new environmental problem?

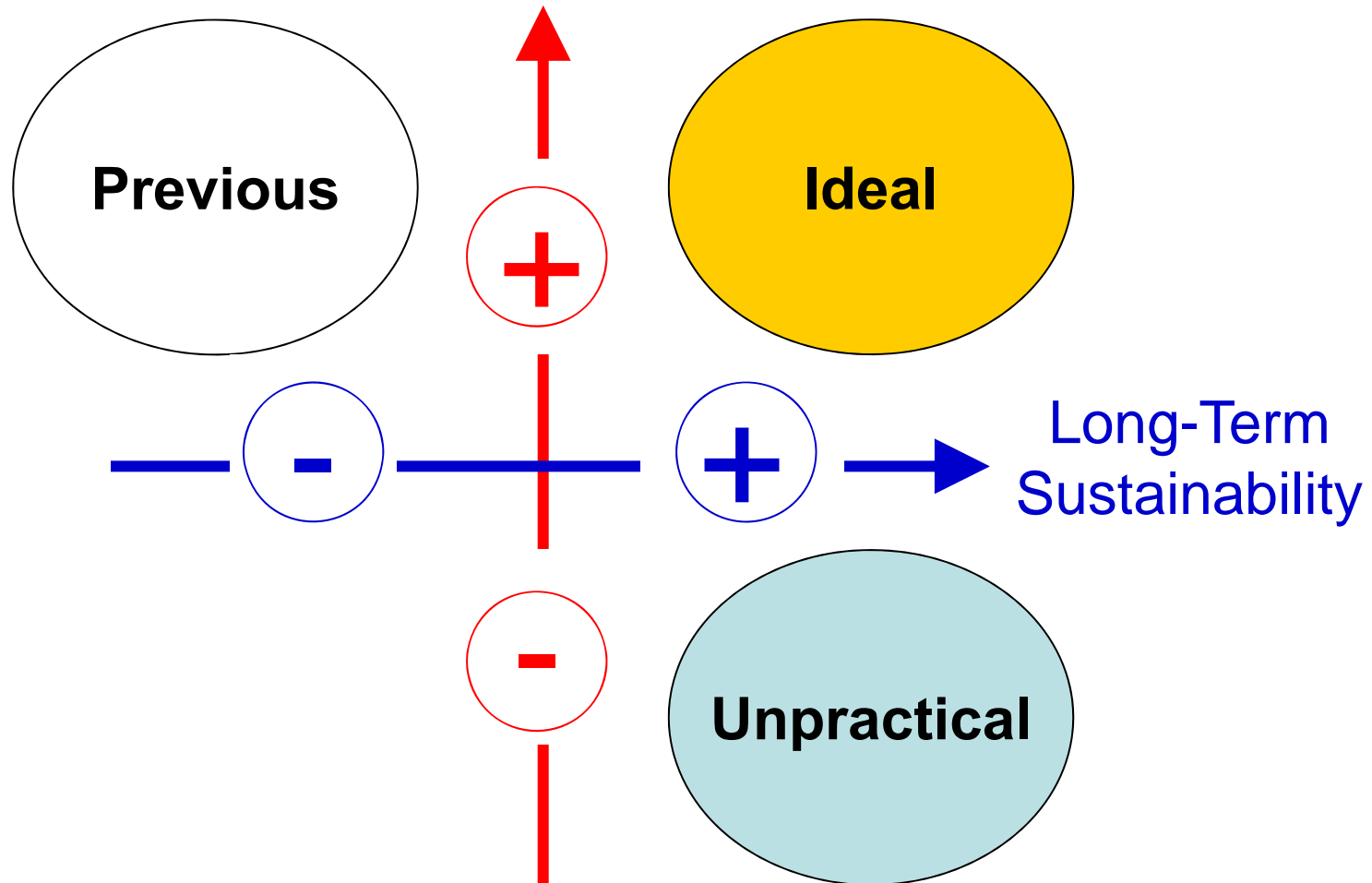
“Adaptive technologies or institutions at micro-scale” for environment often cause “Non-sustainable results at macro-scale” for environment



Evaluate present status of **environmental technologies and institutions** and consider logically **their future impacts and feedbacks** on environments themselves.

Adaptability & Sustainability of Environmental Treatment

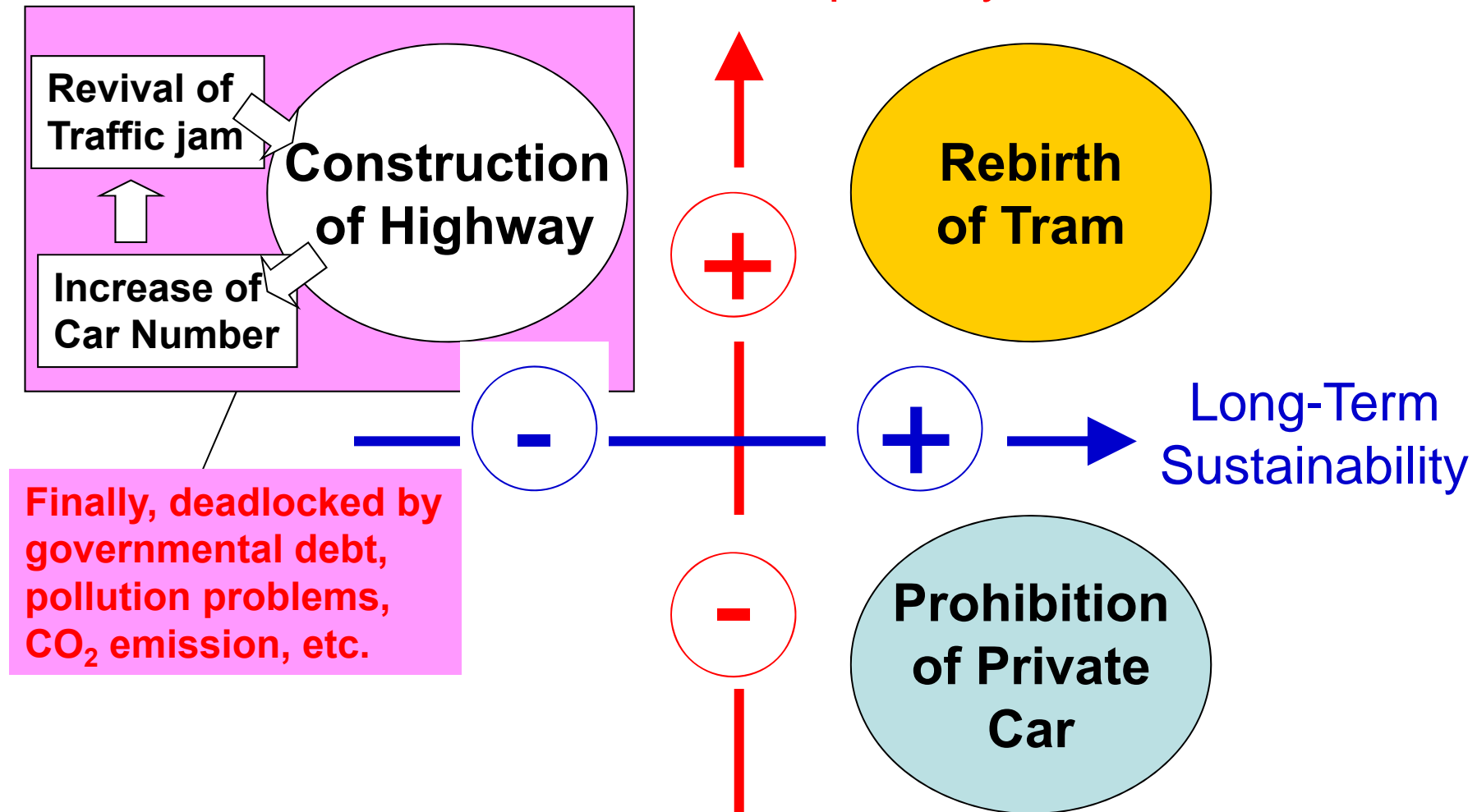
Short-Term Adaptability



We must try to predict both of “Adaptability and Sustainability” of any Treatments for Environmental Problems, simultaneously.

An example – “Traffic jam problem in a developing city”

Short-Term Adaptability



We must try to predict both of “Adaptability and Sustainability” of any Treatments for Environmental Problems, simultaneously.

How can we predict the next environmental problems emerging in the future?

1. Develop our understandings of nature, technology and society.

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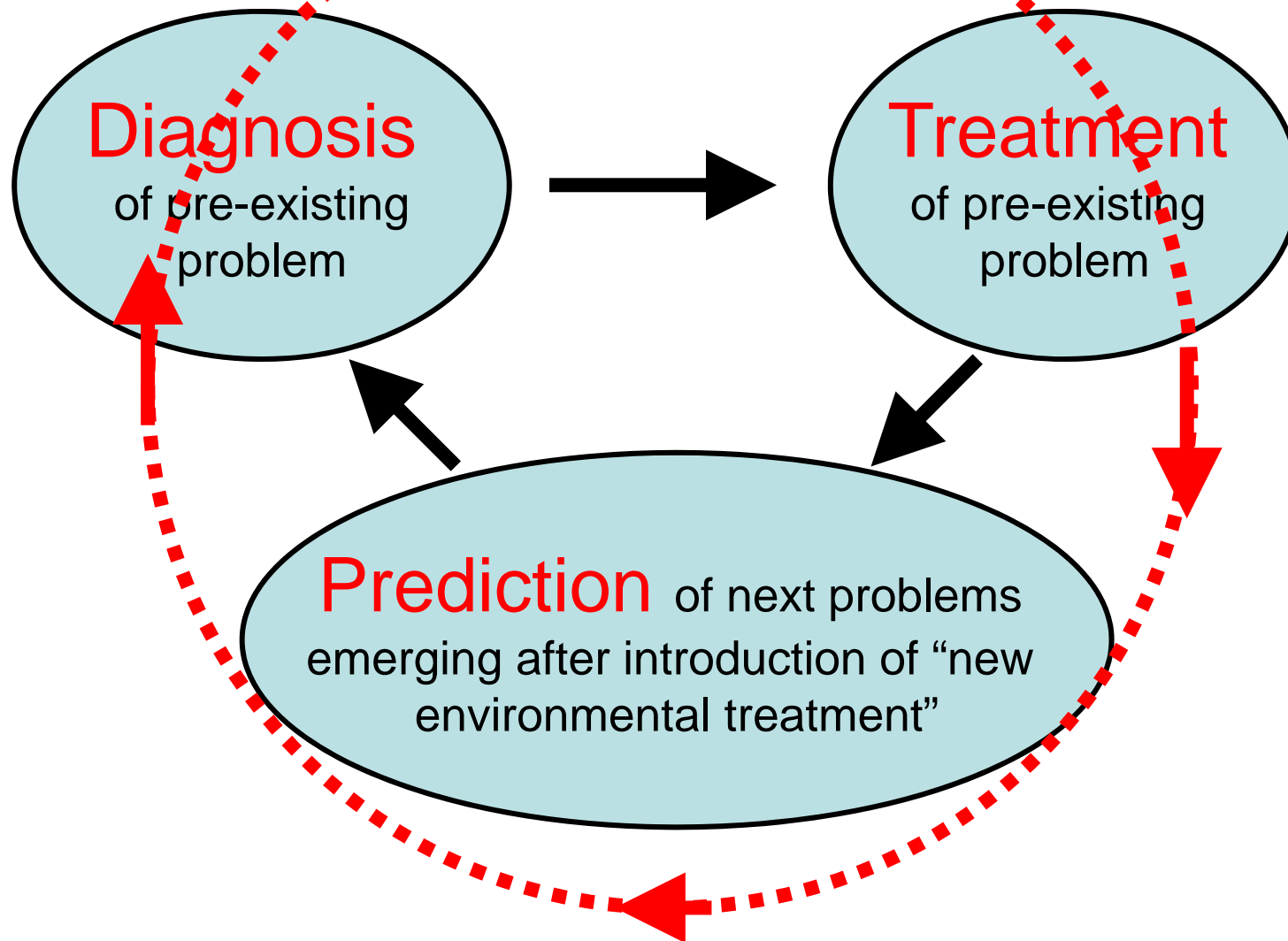
2. Detect the typical pattern of problem emergence .

* Historical analyses of environmental problems must be helpful.

3. Collaborate between diagnosis and treatment.

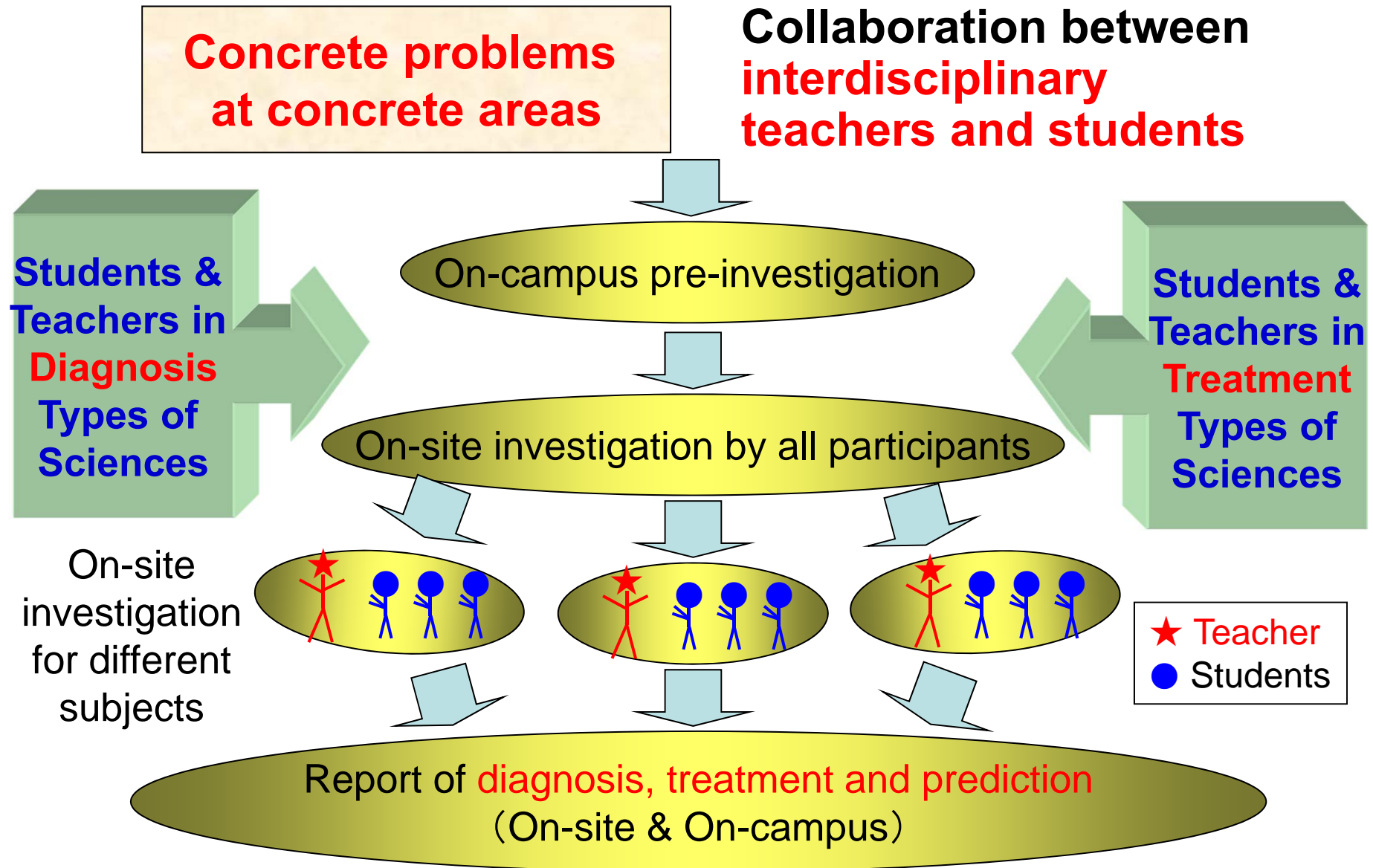
* Without collaborations between them at “clinical field ”, it is impossible to predict emergence of the future problem.

Practice of “**Hypothesis Rotation**” is necessary along Diagnosis-Treatment-Prediction Cycle for a concrete environmental problem at a clinical field.



On-site Research Training (ORT)

-The way to practice the **hypothesis rotation**-



On-Site Research Training at Clinical Fields at different Three Regions in our GCOE



- South East Asia
Less developed (Laos)
- North East Asia
Rapidly developing (China)
- Ise Bay (Ise-Bioregion)
Developed (Japan)

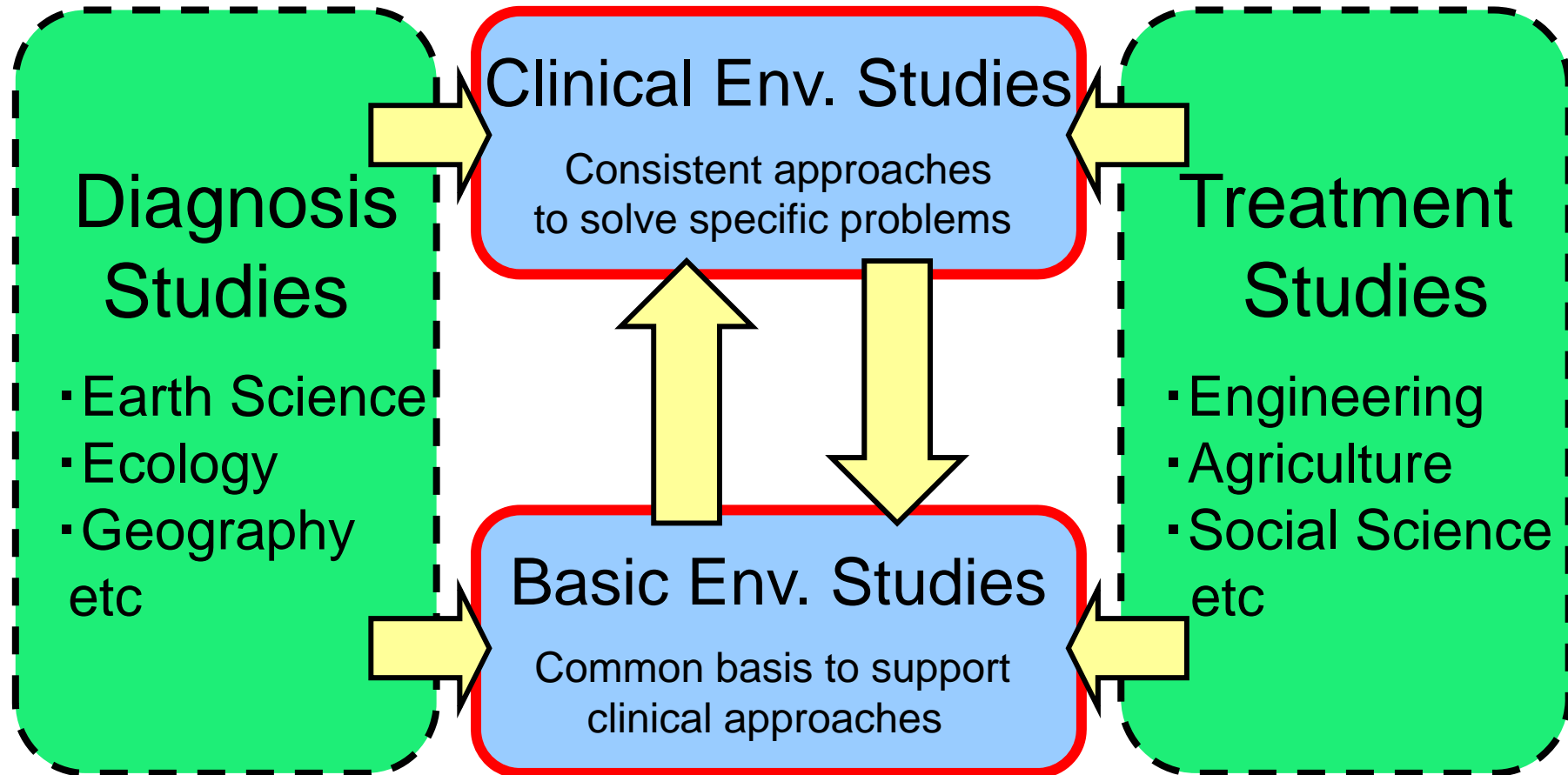
Economically different
stages of three regions



Diagnosing of concrete
environmental problems
and making of **treatment**
plan for them at a clinical
field, for future **prediction**.

Framework of GCOE-BCES

(Basic and Clinical Environmental Studies)



To educate PhD students in environmental studies for **real experts of making sustainable societies** in the world...