# Green Economy and the Emperor's New Clothes

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#### What is the **Green Economy?** Improved human wellbeing and social equity

#### Reduced environmental risk and ecological scarcities

What's needed to deliver the Green Economy?



# Ecological Surety

BUT!

#### Our Economy

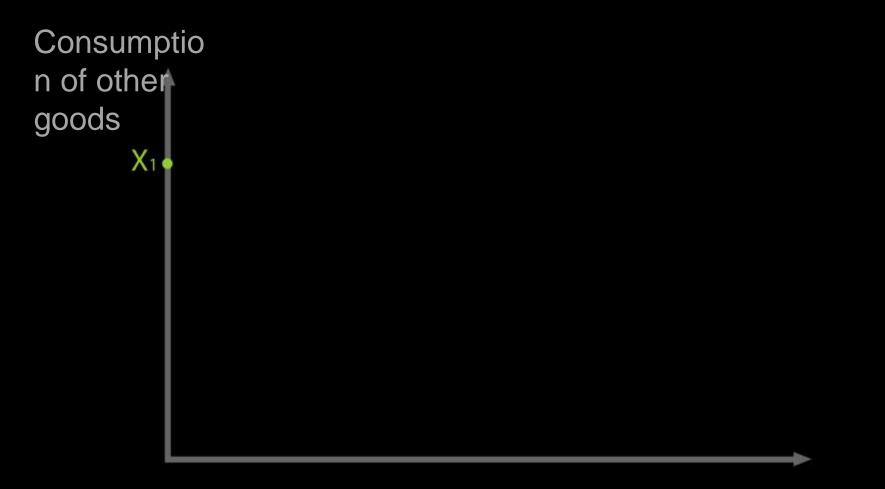
The capitalist market economic system based on neo-classical economics.

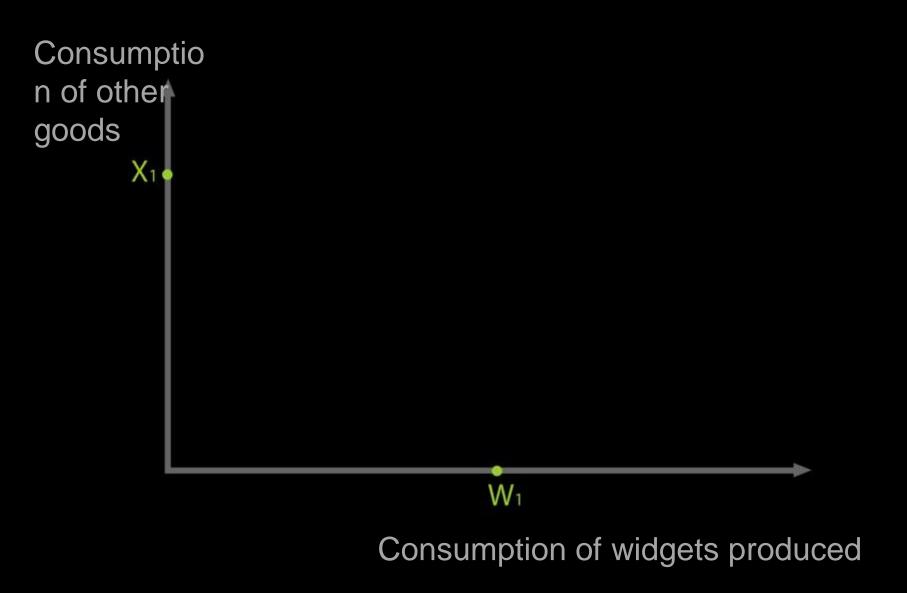


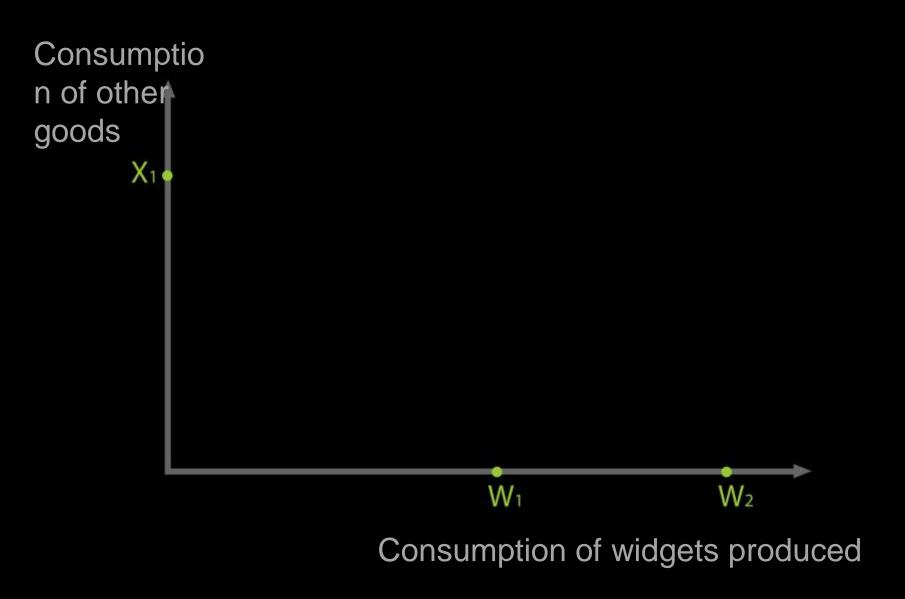
#### Khazzoom-Brookes Postulate

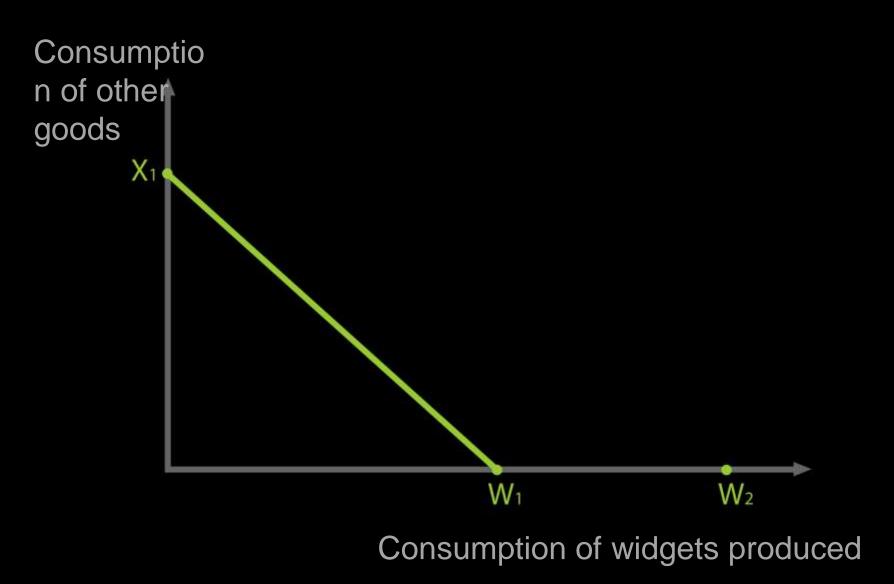
#### micro direct rebound effect indirect indirect rebound effect

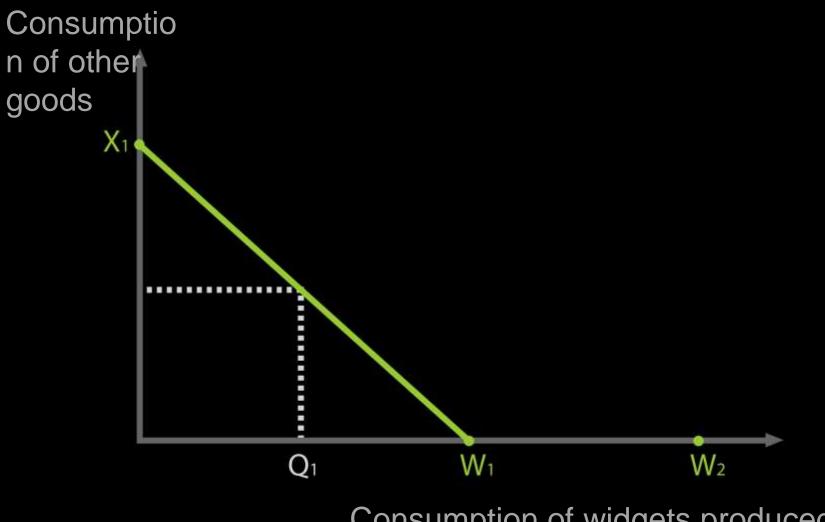
Consumptio n of other goods

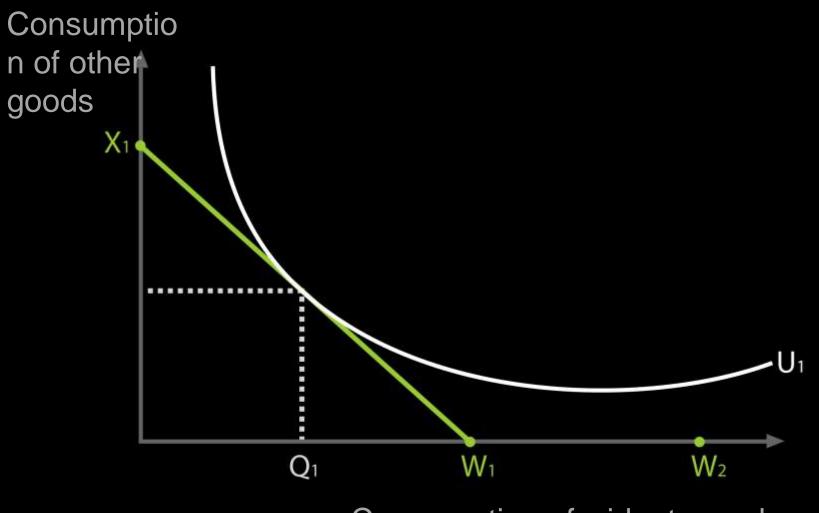


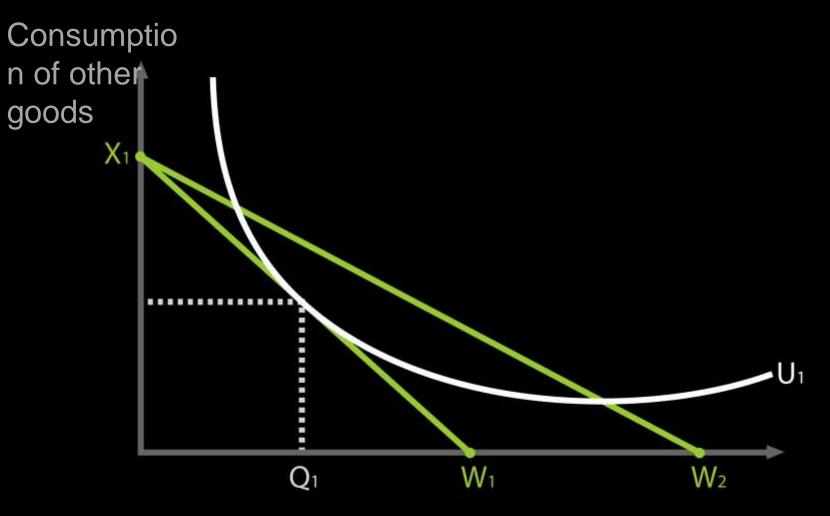


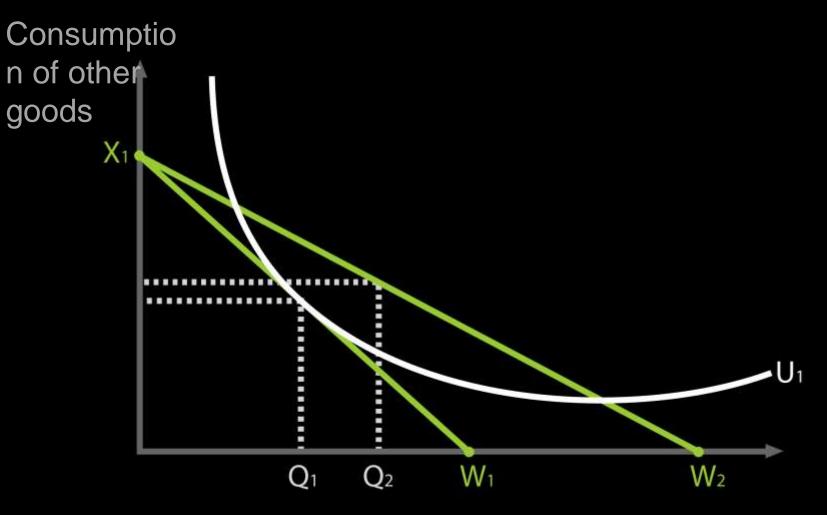


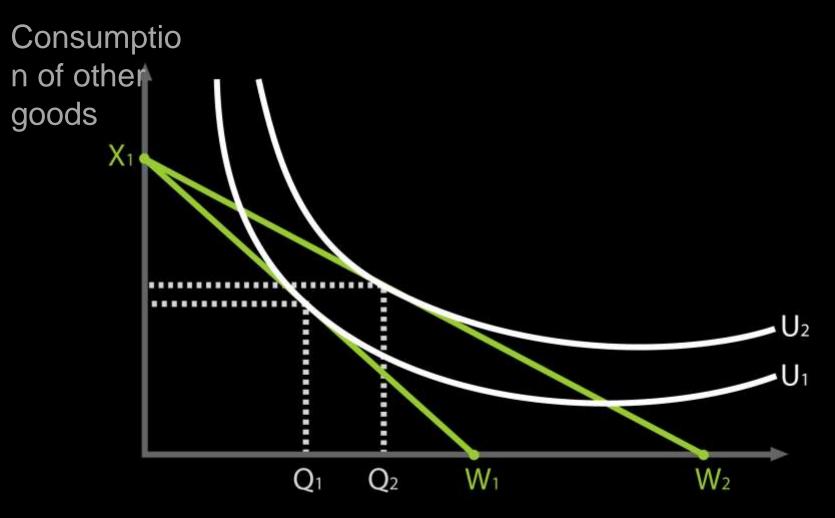


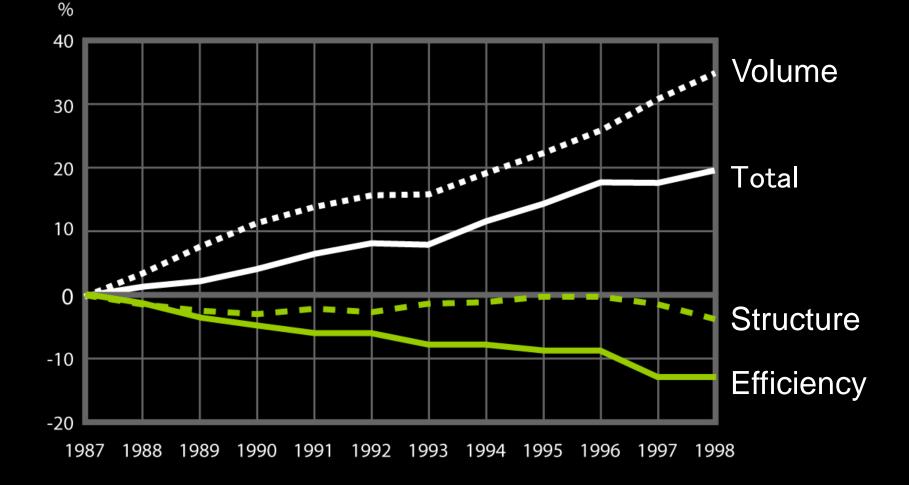




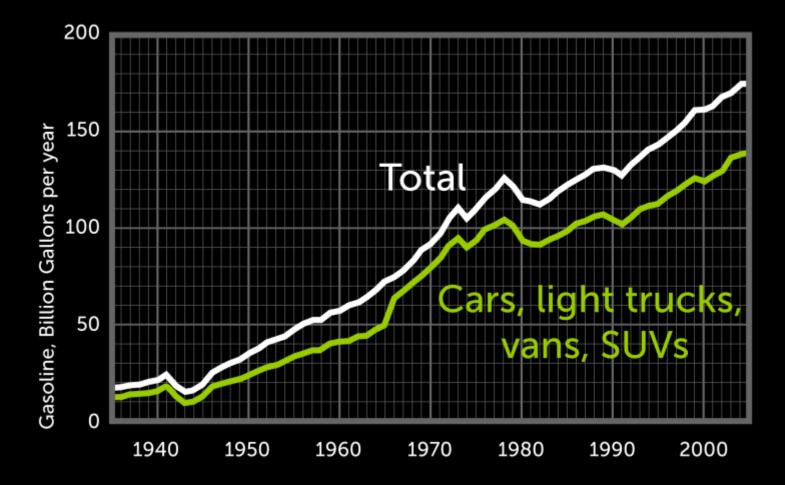








Haan, M., 2001. A Structural Decomposition Analysis of Pollution in the Netherlands. Economic Systems Research 13, 181-196.



#### Social Equity



# What is Social Equity?

- Fair access to resources
- Full capability space
- Full participation in community
- Self-determination

# Social Equity

# Not in the present system!

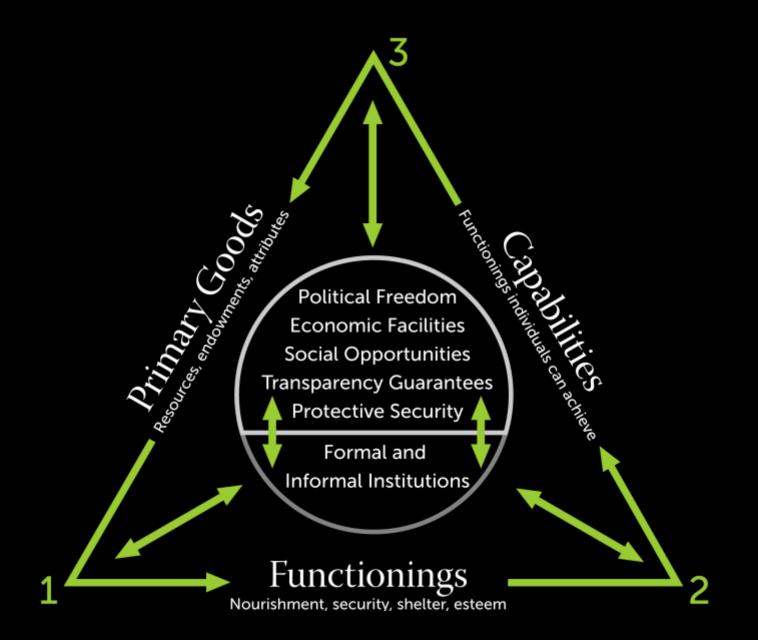


- Markets are not designed to address equity issues
- Trickle down theory does not address equity. It might address absolute poverty.

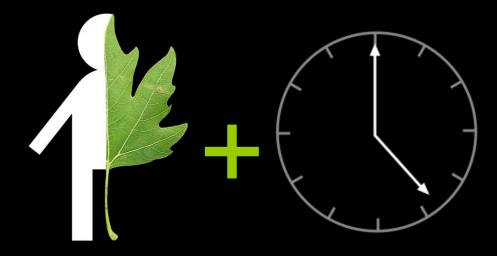
# What's Needed?

#### Institutional • Economic facilities Oversight of: Transparency guarantees

- Social opportunities
- Protective security
- Participatory opportunities
- Ecological surety



#### Sustainability



Maintaining well-being over time including environmental, economic, and social dimensions How can we measure progress in a green economy?

# GNP/Capita

- Supports the macroeconomic effect of efficiency gains – more output
- No consideration of equity
- No consideration of environmental impacts
- No sustainability focus

# HDI

- Expands to include social variables but equal weighting of variables allows GNP/capita to dominate
- No consideration to environment
- No sustainability focus

We need to reexamine how we measure progress



#### Inclusive Wealth

- The productive base or inclusive wealth of an economy
- The discounted sum value of:

   (i) manufactured capital; (ii) human capital; (iii) social capital; and (iv) natural capital

# Non-decreasing wellbeing requires nondecreasing inclusive wealth

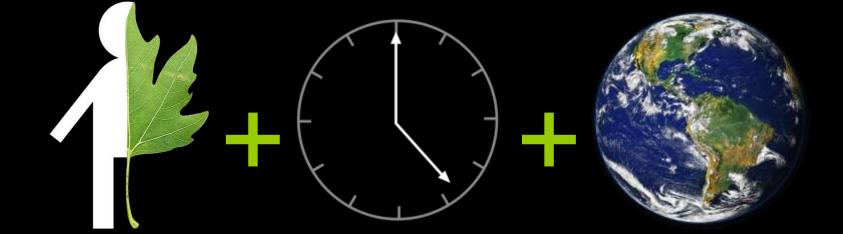
# Implications for Asia

- Growth rates are expected to be the highest in the Asia region over the next decade
- Korea: 80% of stimulus funding on green economy
- China: 35% (15.6 billion in 2008)
- Japan: 15%

# Implications for Asia

- Opportunity to move to a sustainable trajectory or,
- Possibility to exacerbate the present situation
  - Political Willingness
  - NEED: People's support

#### **Global Sustainability**



Earth is an autarky system and needs an new approach measuring progress

### Main Messages

- Behavioral change is key for ecological surety
- Capability and instrumental freedom are key to social equity
- Inclusive wealth (IW) is a new metric for progress

# One World One Planet



How do we secure global sustainability ?