

# COVID-19 in China & Open Science

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### Content



- COVID-19 Happening in China
- COVID-19 Related Open Science in China
- COVID-19 Related Open Resources from China
- Summary

### Content



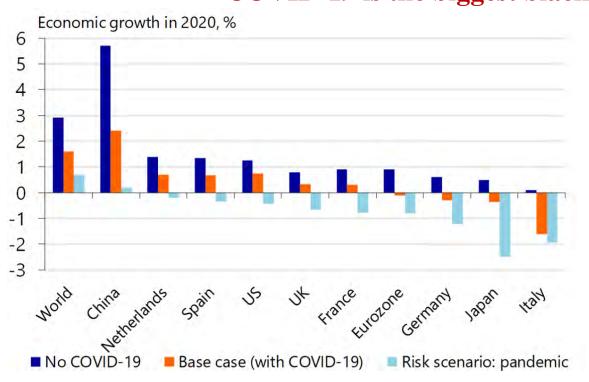
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# COVID-19 Impact Globally





#### **COVID-19** is the biggest black swan in 2020!







## COVID-19 in China



By 1<sup>st</sup> June, there have been 6,172,228 confirmed cases of COVID-19 globally, including 372,116 deaths.

19 in real time

CORRESPONDENCE | VOLUME 20, ISSUE 5, P533-534, MAY 01, 2020

Ensheng Dong - Hongru Du - Lauren Gardner 🖾

An interactive web-based dashboard to track COVID-

Infectious Disease

Data source from China:

Last Updated at (M/D/YYYY) 6/1/2020 2:32:46 下产

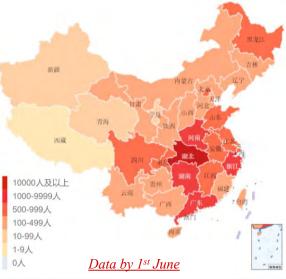
China CDC, ministry's emergency office, Dingxiangyuan website

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cumulative confirmed cases: 84,590 cumulative recovered cases: 79,822

cumulative deaths: 4,645







- □ COVID-19 history in China
  - Stage I: Early outbreak in Wuhan City
  - Stage II: Central government take action on fighting COVID-19
  - Stage III: Prevention of community spread and importation
  - Stage IV: Return to work and production, and school reopening







Feb  $26^{th}$ ,  $2020 \sim May 5^{th}$ , 2020





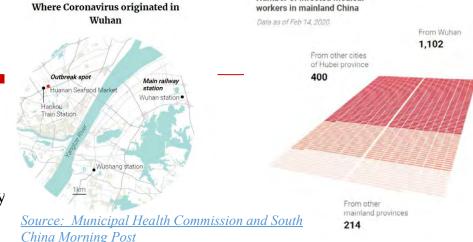
May  $6^{th}$ ,  $2020 \sim ?$ 



- ☐ Stage I: Early outbreak in Wuhan, local government action slowly
  - December 1, first case received in hospital, but unknown virus
  - December 31, local governments launched "emergency response to pneumonia of unknown cause"
  - Emergency response by local CDC
    - January 08<sup>th</sup>, Detection and diagnosis of the first case, new coronavirus
    - January 13<sup>rd</sup>, Strengthen the screening management of fever clinic and establish a designated rescue hospital
    - January 16<sup>th</sup>, Launch joint prevention and control mechanism of major local infectious diseases
    - ☐ January 21<sup>st</sup>, Establish a centralized isolation area

# COVID-19 in Wuhan

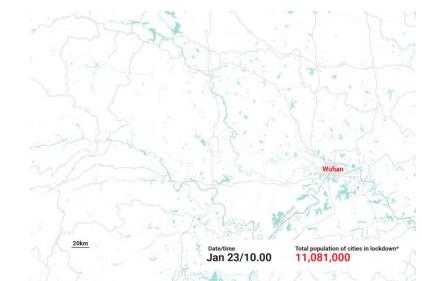
- Even not known where the original virus come from, the outbreak has been linked to Wuhan's Huanan Seafood Free Market
- Wuhan is an international and domestic hub, easy spread



Number of infected medical







#### PATIENT HAS A FEVER OR FEELS UNWELL

centre for diagnosis and triage

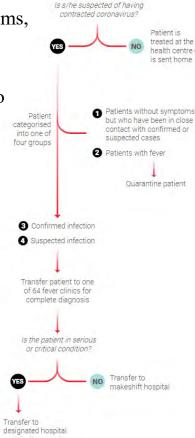
# COVID-19 in Wuhan Subbourhood community workers send a patients to a nearby community health

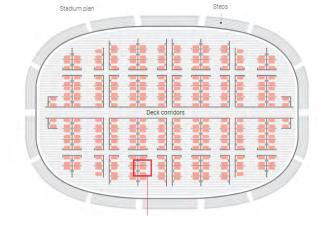
☐ After close, Wuhan has converted stadiums, convention centers and schools into temporary hospitals

☐ Two mobile cabin hospitals set up in two weeks.



Source: Municipal Health Commission and South China Morning Post







Chinese experts shares experience with oversea experts on COVID-19 control

## COVID-19 in Wuhan



- ☐ But, when we recheck the lockdown process, it would save more lives if the action started 2-3 weeks earlier
- ☐ People need time to understand unknown things, to learn lessons



- □ Stage II: Central government take action on fighting COVID-19
- ☐ The central government take action immediately once they got the report from CDC experts, close infectious area, and send medical teams from cities in safe area
  - January 23<sup>rd</sup>, Central government decides to close Wuhan city and Hubei province
  - January 23<sup>rd</sup> -February 2<sup>nd</sup>, Construct Huoshenshan mobile cabin hospital
  - January 23<sup>rd</sup>, Organizing medical teams nationwide to help Wuhan
  - Treatment of covid-19 with integrated traditional Chinese medicine and western medicine





- ☐ Stage III: Prevention of community spread and importation
  - Once Wuhan outbreak get controlled, spread control become the key. In China, Provincial, municipal, district and residential area implement access control and temperature measurement
  - People travel from risky area asked to be isolated for 14 days
  - People from oversea asked for 14 days isolation before go back to society



	STAY HOME: Advised to stay home due to mild cold symptoms, without known exposure to COVID-19.	SELF-QUARANTINE: An individual does not have symptoms, but may have been exposed to COVID-19.	HOME-ISOLATION: An individual has symptoms and has been exposed to COVID-19, is being evaluated for COVID-19, or has a confirmed case of COVID-19.
AFFECTED INDIVIDUAL	Stay home until all symptoms are gone. Call your doctor if symptoms worsen.	Stay home for 14 days. Monitor for symptoms. Call Public Health if you develop symptoms.	If the sick individual is isolated at home, separate from the rest of the household. The individual should remain in isolation for 14 days.
HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	Those without symptoms may continue to leave the home as needed.	Do not leave the home for 14 days and do not allow visitors.	Remain in isolation at home for 14 days in a separate area from the sick individual. The designated caregiver should follow the precautions from Public Health.

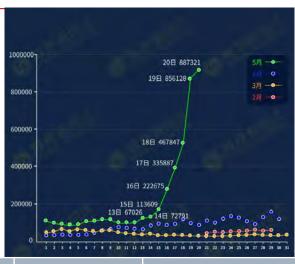
## COVID-19 in Wuhan





- ☐ Massive SARS-CoV-2 test plan in Wuhan done from May 14<sup>th</sup> to June 1st
- ☐ Free and voluntary for RT-PCR of nasal swabs
- **9,899,828 participants** have been involved and sampled by June 1<sup>st</sup>
- □ 300 asymptomatic cases were detected (3.03/1000 positive ratio)
- 1,174 close contacts traced, tests shown all negative





Duration	Participants	Asymptomatic cases	Positive ratio (per 100, 000 people)
4/1 ~ 4/7	107,376	223	207.7
4/8 ~ 5/10	1,537,401	638	41.5
5/10 ~ 5/17	894,995	69	7.7
5.18 ~ 5.21	3,212,025	92	2.9

Source: Wuhan Municipal Health Commission





- ☐ Stage IV: : Return to work and production, and school reopening
  - February 24, China began to return to work by region orderly
  - School reopening since May 6<sup>th</sup>

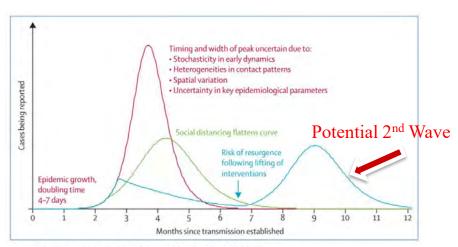


Figure: Illustrative simulations of a transmission model of COVID-19



Zhong: "The disease is unlikely to be eradicated and will likely continue to spread over a longer period of time."



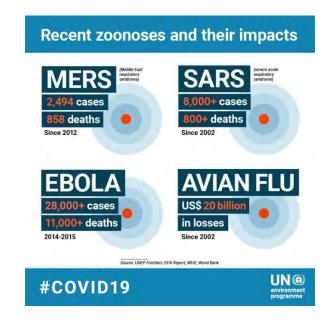
Fauci: "I'm almost certain the second wave of coronavirus will come back."

## Health Encyclopedia Code (HEC) for access control





**☐** The continuous emergence of viruses:





### Content of HEC

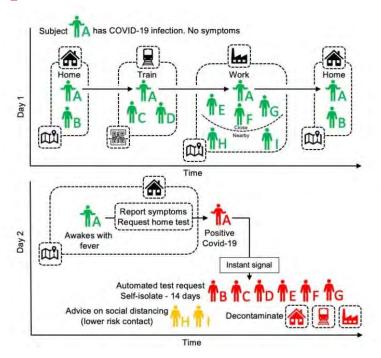




#### ☐ Health Encyclopedia Code (HEC) for epidemic prevention

- The code can trace where you been in last 14 days
- The code can trace who you met in last 14 days





### Content of HEC





#### China is fighting the coronavirus with HEC.







HEC in Shanghai. A green HEC means healthy and safe.

Passengers check their Wuhan HEC in Train Station on April 8.

A subway guard in Hangzhou checks HEC.

#### **Prevention and Control**





#### ☐ Health Encyclopedia Code (HEC) for epidemic prevention

- **Shenzhen** is the 1<sup>st</sup> city to apply HEC since 9<sup>th</sup> Feb
- □ Up to 24<sup>th</sup> Feb, 200+ major cities applied HEC in China







Red code: High exposure risk related to confirmed cases Yellow code: Travel history in epidemic area in last 14 days Green code: no exposure within recent 14 days



To enter an apartment, people must show 'green code' to safety guards in major cities of China.



Scientific evidences show the active surveillance policy help reduce at least 40% COVID-19 cases in Shenzhen

## Prevention and Control





**■** More examples for Health Encyclopedia Code (HEC) for epidemic prevention

北京







天津



杭州健康码

































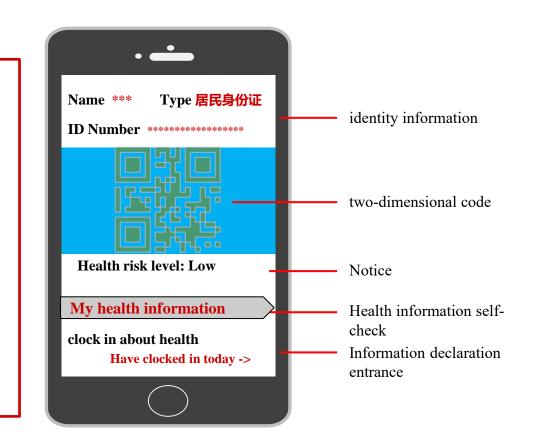


# Health Encyclopedia Code (HEC)



#### National standard (2020.4)

- □ Containing:
  - Infectious disease
  - Chronic diseases
  - Basic diseases
  - Critical disease
- **Examples**:
  - COVID-19 sub-string
  - Diabetes sub-string
  - Cardio-cerebro-vascular diseases sub-string
  - Body mass index sub-string



# Stage II - IV, very success



- ☐ Mask, disinfect, keep social distance, physical exercise, ...
- Close Wuhan city and Hubei province
- ☐ Temperature detection by infrared equipment, access control by HEC, to all public buildings, living area, ...
- □ 14 days isolation from risky area

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## COVID-19 Research in Shenzhen



- Shenzhen faced a outbreak risk this spring.
- Epidemiological studies on locally index patients and close contacts are crucial.

