昭和33年4月18日

科学技術者の待遇の根本的改善に関する声明（声明）

日本学術会議第26回総会

本会議はかねてから科学技術者の待遇問題について重大を関心をよせ、その待遇改善について再三政府に意見をのべてきた。

最近、科学・技術の振興がさかばられているにもかかわらず、科学技術者の待遇は安らぎ研究に専念するにきわめて限度状態にありこのまま放置するならば、わが国の科学・技術振興上重大な支障を来たものと考えられる。

よって本会議は、緊急を要として科学技術者の待遇を根本的に改善することが科学技術の進歩に欠くことのできない条件と考え、ことに声明する。

[4-22]

Appeal to Scientists throughout the World
on
Prohibition of Testing Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs

(声明)

As scientists have, in grave apprehension of the hazards from nuclear weapons, repeatedly expressed opposition to manufacture, storage and use of such weapons. At the same time we have continued our efforts to realize prohibition of their testing, in view of the dreadful influences which such testing might exert on mankind, and have appealed to scientists in different parts of the world for their cooperation in achieving this purpose.

Especially, at the General Meeting of the Science Council of Japan held in October 1957, we adopted a resolution in support of the spirit of the meeting of the world-known scientists held in that year at Pugwash, Canada, and communicated it to our colleagues throughout the world. It is our pleasure that whole-hearted support has been expressed in response to these appeals of ours.

It happened that on 31 March 1958 the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics took an initiative in declaring suspension of testing nuclear weapons, and we consider that the earnest efforts of scientists throughout the world had made not a small contribution to bringing about